NABARD ASSISTANT MANAGER EXAM

Held on: 22.08.2010

Based on Memoru

GENERAL AWARENESS

- 1. Which of the following is rated the poorest region of the World?
 - (1) The Middle East

 - (3) Sub-Saharan Africa
 - (4) Latin America
 - (5) None of these
- 2. Which of the following terms is NOT used in the world of economics/finance?
 - (1) Sinking Fund
 - (2) Third World
 - (3) Open Door Policy
 - (4) Devaluation
 - (5) Privilege Motion
- 3. Out of the total population of the world about 80% of it lives in
 - (1) Developed countries ...
 - (2) BRIC countries
 - (3) Latin America
 - (4) Developing countries
 - (5) None of these
- 4. Rashtriya Swasthya Bima Yojana (RSBY) is a scheme launched by the Ministry of -
 - (1) Finance
 - (2) Rural Development
 - (3) Commerce
 - (4) Industry (5) Labour
- 5. What is the fullform of the abbreviation ASEAN?
 - (1) Association of South East Agro Nations
 - (2) Association of South East Asian Nations
 - (3) Alliance of South East Asian Nations
 - (4) Alliance of South East Asian Neighbours
 - (5) None of these
- 6. Which of the following is the scheme for providing electricity connections to all the rural household in the country?
 - (1) ASHA
- (2) Swadhar
- (3) Kutir Jyoti, (4) Deep Mala
- (5) None of these
- 7. Many times we read about 'PPP' in economic literature. What PPP is? It is a concept which -

- (1) tells us that exchange rates between currencies are in equilibrium when their purchasing power is the same in both the countries /
- (2) tells us that exchange rates between currencies are in equilibrium when their purchasing power is different in both the countries
- (3) PPP means the current Exchange Rate of a currency against US\$
- (4) a measure of income inequality in developing countries
- (5) None of these
- 8. As we all know the Human Development Index (HDI) is an index of social performance in a single composite index. It is an indication of -
 - (1) disparity reduction rate, human resource development rate and the composite index.
- (2) longevity, education and living standard.
 - (3) the facilities for minimum schooling, adult literacy and educational attainment
 - (4) GDP of a nation and the status of its Balance of Trade
 - (5) None of these
- 9. Which one of the following countries is not considered a Newly Industrialised Country (NIC)?
 - (1) South Africa

 - (2) Mexico (3) Brazil (4) Turkey (5) France
- 10. Which of the following statement(s) is/are correct about National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (NREGA)?
 - (A) NREGA is applicable to all rural areas of the country.
 - (B) Only construction work shall be given to the workers employed under this Act.
 - (C) Every worker is given an amount of Rs. 250 per day for a eight hours shift.
 - (1) Only A (2) Only B
 - (3) Only C (4) Only A & B
 - (5) All A, B & C
- 11. Which of the following is NOT true about farmers in Least Developed Countries (LDCs)?

- (1) The staple crop is the chief source of food
- (2) Labour is underutilised except for planting and harvesting seasons
- (3) On the traditional farm, output is always greater than consumption
- (4) Cultivators utilise only a small portion of land
- (5) None of these
- 12. Which of the following organisations/agencies controls the monetary policy of our country?
 - (1) SEBI
 - (2) Planning Commission
 - (3) RBI
 - (4) Union Ministry of Finance
 - (5) None of these
- 13. Amartya Kumar Sen emphasizes that having enough to eat depends on one very crucial factor. Which of the following is that factor?
 - (1) Society's system of entitlement
 - (2) Distribution of agricultural income
 - (3) Low poverty rates
 - (4) Structure of the family
 - (5) None of these
- 14. The National Food For Work scheme is now submerged with which of the following?
 - (1) Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana
 - (2) Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Gurantee Act 3
 - (3) Bharat Nirman
 - (4) Indira Awas Yojana
 - (5) None of these
- 15. Many a time we read about Fertility Rate in economic literature. What is Fertility Rate?
 - (1) The total number of children born in a country in a given year divided by number of children died.
 - (2) The number of children born to an average woman during her reproductive years
 - (3) The number of births in a country divided by total population in a given year

- (4) The number of women in the age group of 15-45 years in a country divided by total number of women died during child birth.
- (5) None of these.
- 16. How is dual economy distinguished from other economies? It is a mixture of -
 - (1) industrial sector and manufacturing sector
 - (2) traditional agricultural sector and a modern industrial sec-
 - (3) state ownership of the means of production in cooperation of foreign organisations
 - (4) industrial sector and trading of goods obtained through imports
 - (5) none of these
- 17. Watershed Development Schemes are a part of -
 - (A) Development of Rural Econ-
 - (B) Development of Skilled Work-
 - (C) Development of Irrigation facilities in India ~
 - (2) Only B (1) Only A
 - (3) Only A & C (4) Only C
 - (5) All A. B & C
- 18. The second summit of which of the following organisations took place in Brazil recently?
 - (1) G-8 (1)
- (2) G-20
- (4) ASEAN (3) SAARC
- (5) BRIC
- During the recent Depression workers in Developed countries preferred to take inferior jobs instead of lay off. This situation is known as:
 - (1) Seasonal unemployment,
 - (2) Cyclical unemployment
 - (3) Disguised unemployment
 - (4) Voluntary unemployment
 - (5) None of these
- 20. Which of the following terms is NOT associated with the game of Football?
 - (1) Corner kick
 - (2) Wide out (3) Line men
 - (4) Follow on (5) Full back.
- 21. On which one of the following issues, there had been a dispute between IRDA and SEBI?
 - (1) ULIP products
 - (2) Violation of SEBI guidelines in respect of investment by big companies in equities

- (3) Violation of SEBI guidelines about disclosures to be made by the Companies
- (4) Overlapping of the functions of IRDA and SEBI
- (5) None of these
- 22. As per the reports published in various newspapers Maharashtra and Guiarat have signed an agreement on linking of major rivers of the state. Which of the following is a common river between both the states?
 - (1) Narmada (2) Ganga
 - (3) Krishna
 - (4) Betwa (5) None of these
- 23. We have noticed at on several occasions that cost of petroleum products fluctuates frequently. The action of OPEC members at times to limit output and fix prices may be understood as an ac-
 - (1) instructions from WTO
 - (2) fluctuation in output
 - (3) practices of the oil industry
 - (4) group dynamics

tion arising out of -

- (5) cartel
- 24. Which of the following countries won the FIFA World Cup 2010?
 - (1) Germany (2) Netherlands
 - (3) South Africa
 - (4) Spain (5) Brazil
- 25. Who amongst the following is NOT a Badminton Player?
 - (1) Aparna Popat
 - (2) Saina Nehwal
 - (3) V.V.S. Laxman
 - (4) P. Gopichand
 - (5) Chetan Anand
- 26. What is Bilateral aid?
 - (1) It is technical aid given by I.M.F. to various countries
 - (2) It is given directly by one country to another
 - (3) It is aid with the condition that the repayment will be in inconvertible currency
 - (4) It is a commercial loan made available by various institutions jointly
 - (5) None of these
- 27. Who amongst the following is the author of the book 'A Himalayan Love Story'?
 - (1) Namitha Gokhale
 - (2) V. S. Naipaul
 - (3) Anita Desai
 - (4) Laxmi Sehgal
 - (5) None of these
- 28. Which of the following is the name of the organisation creat-

- ed specifically to develop small scale industrial sector in our country?
- (1) NABARD (2) SEBI
- (3) SIDBI
- (4) AMFI
- (5) None of these
- 29. Who is Nandan Nilekani?
 - (1) Chairman, Unique Identification Authority of India
 - (2) Chairman, Airport Authority of India
 - (3) Member, UGC
 - (4) Member Planning Commission
 - (5) None of these
- **30.** Which of the following countries will host the next SAARC Summit?
 - (1) India
- (2) Bhutan (4) Fiji
- (3) Nepal (5) None of these
- 31. Which of the following organisations/agencies is specifically set
 - up to boost overall rural development in India?
 - (1) RBI
 - (2) SIDBI
 - (3) NABARD
- (4) SEBI
 - (5) None of these
- 32. Commonwealth Games 2010 are to be organised in Delhi in the month of:
 - (1) October (2) November
 - (3) August
- (4) December
- (5) September
- **33.** Which of the following cups is associated with the game of Hockey?
 - (1) Agha Khan Cup
 - (2) DCM Trophy
 - (3) Davis Cup
 - (4) Derby Trophy
 - (5) Rovers Cup
- 34. Which of the following is a horticultural crop?
 - (1) Urad
- (2) Jowar
- .(3) Bajra
- (4) Wheat
- (5) Mango
- 35. According to Planning Commission, the degraded soil of which one of the following States, poses a big threat to food security and can cause serious economic implications to the nation?
 - (1) Haryana
 - (2) Uttar Pradesh
 - (3) Madhya Pradesh
 - (4) Karnataka (5) Punjab
- 36. Which of the following organisations maintains the Rural Infrastructure Development Fund (RIDF)?

Old testament

- (1) RB1 (2) NABARD
 - (3) SIDBI (4) LIC
 - ^ (5) None of these
- 37. Which of the following is/are true about the Competition Commission of India (CCI)?
 - (A) CCI is a regulatory body having quasi-judicial structure.
 - (B) It is established to replace old Monopolies and Restrictive Trade Practices Act.
 - (C) It's main objective is to create a healthy environment in corporate world.
 - (1) Only A (2) Only B
 - (3) Only C (4) All A, B & C
 - (5) None of these
- 38. According to RBI, which one of the following is the biggest concern of the country?
 - (1) Debt crisis in Europe
 - (2) Inflation
 - (3) GDP growth
 - (4) Fiscal deficit
 - (5) None of these
- 39. Which of the following organisations has recently launched "Farmers' Information Service via SMS" to help farmers in Gujarat state?"
 - State Bank of India
 - 2 SIDBI
 - (3) Reliance Group of Industries (4) NABARD
 - (5) None of these
- 40. On which one of the following countries, the United Nations Security Council (UNSC) has imposed canctions?

 - (1) Libya 42 North Korea

 - (3) Sudan (4) Myanmar
 - (5) Iran
- 41. Muhammad Yunus of Bangladesh who was awarded Nobel prize a few years back is a famous
- (1) Author
 - (2) Economist
 - (3) Social worker
 - (4) Scientist
 - (5) None of these
- 42. 'Sacred Games' is a nevel written by -
 - Amita Desai
 - (2) Arundhanti Roy
 - (3) Kiran Desai
 - (4) Khushwant Singh
 - (5) None of these
- 43. Who amongst the following is a famous author?
 - (1) Chetan Bhagat
 - (2) S. C. Jamir

- (3) Anjali-Bhagwat
- (4) O. P. Mehra
- (5) None of these
- 44. The G-20 Summit was organised in June 2010, in which of the following cities?

- (2) Paris (1) London
- (4) Toronto (3) Tokyo
- (5) None of these
- 45. The Government of India has established a strategic reserve of about 5 million tonnes' of which of the following commodities?
 - (1) Steel (2) Sugar
 - (3) Oil (4) Food grains
- (5) None of these
- 16, 'Mid Day Meal Scheme' is launched to provide cooked food
 - (1) Children attending school
 - (2) Those who are getting National Old Age Pension
 - (3) Workers of National Rural Employment Act
- (4) Resident doctors of Government Hospitals in rural areas abusta familios rass
- (5) None of these
- 47. Which of the following is NOT a Cash Crop?

 - (1) Tobacco (2) Cotton
- (3) Coffee (4) Bajara (5) Tea
- 48. Members of the Rajya Sabha are elected for a period of :
- inche reight thad, a way to keep (1) 4 years (2) $2\frac{h}{2}$ years

 - (3)-6 years (4) 5 years
 - (5) None of these
- 49. The ICC Cricket World Cup Final 2011 will be played in which of the following cities in India? (2) Mumbai

- (3) Delhi (4) Chennai (5) None of these O-090 701 Jens
- 50. What is the contribution of Agricultural Sector in the total GDP of India? About : 17 September 1
- (2) 20% of 10%
- (3) 40% (4) 30%
 - and (5) 50% to a medical interpret pair

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ENGLISH LANGUAGE

Directions (51 - 65): Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words/phrases have been printed in **bold** to help you locate them while answering some of the question.

Organic farming is either really expensive or really cheap, depending on where you live and whether or not you are certified. Not only are the "natural" pesticides and fertilizers increasingly marketed by agribusiness as costly as or costlier than their chemical counterparts, but proving you are an organic farmer requires certification, which is time-consuming and expensive. In the USA, converting to organic agriculture is a huge undertaking for commercial farmers, who have relied on chemical fertilizers and pesticides for many decades, but in India, the conversion is no less arduous and far more ironic.

India's farmers are still mostly practising organic methods, passed down for millennia. Organic fertilizer and natural pest control are the only tools available to most of these farmers, who have always lacked the financial resources to explore chemical solutions. But these farmers, whose produce is as organic as they come, cannot afford to pay the fees required to gain official certification.

As the international community adopts standards for organic agriculture, the challenges faced by farmers in the USA versus farmers in India in order to adapt are very different indeed. The danger is that the wellintentioned global move towards organic standards will make small organic farmers in countries like India, who have never done anything but organic farming, no longer able to sell their crops.

In response to the \$26 billion global market for organic foods, the Indian Central Government set up a National Institute of Organic Farming in October 2003. The purpose of this institute is to formulate rules, regulations and certification of organic farm products in conformity with international standards. The institute has its offices across the country and has appointed certifying agencies for organic farm products for the domestic market. The certifying agencies are accountable for confirming that any product sold with the new "India Organic" logo is in accordance with in-

ternational criteria, and launch major awareness and marketing campaigns, in India and abroad.

Organic farming has been identified as a major thrust area of the 10th plan of the central government. one billion rupees have been allocated to the aforementioned National Institute of Organic Farming alone for the 10th five-year plan. Despite this, most of India's organic farms are not officially considered organic. Most of India's farms are "organic by default." The irony and difficulty of the new governmental push for organic agriculture is that 65% of the country's cropped area is "organic by default," according to a study. By this somewhat degrading term they mean that small farmers, located mostly in the Eastern and North-Eastern regions of the country, have no choice except to farm without chemical fertilizers or pesticides. Though this is true in many cases, it is also true that a significant number of them have chosen to farm organically, as their forefathers have done for thousands of years. Many have seen for themselves the effects of chemical farming - soil erosion and loss of soil nutrients, loss of nutrition in food, and human diseases resulting from the chemicals that inevitably seep into the water table, all the reasons for the urgent demand for organic foods and farming.

India currently has only 1,426 certified organic farms. This statistical discrepancy reveals that the weak link in the organic/economic chain is certification. Under current government policy, it takes four years for a farm to be certified as organic. The cost of preparing the report is a flat fee of Rs. 5,000 and the certificate itself costs another Rs. 5,000. While these costs are bearable for the new industrial organic greenhouses, they are equal to or more than an entire year's income for the average small farmer, if the costs of travel and inspection are included.

In the United States an organic farm plan or organic handling plan must be submitted to a USDA - accredited private or state certification program. The plan must explain all current growing and handling methods, and any materials that will be used - in the present, and any future plans must be included as well. Records for the last five years must be presented. Land must be chemical-free for three years prior to har-

vest, so a conventional farmer cannot receive the organic label for the **transitional** years. This will generally mean a decrease in income - crops may be less plentiful than with conventional fertilizers and pesticides, and yet the higher price for organic products won't yet be possible. Many farmers cannot afford the transition, even if they want to.

One solution to the small farmer's dilemma of how to both certify and survive is that of community certification. In community certification, communities, on a non-profit basis, take charge of the certification process themselves. They evaluate the farmer's commitment to the stewardship of the soil, and examine from many angles whether the food is being grown in an environmentally sensitive way or not, rather than technical standards. While community certification may be a viable solution on the local level, it is our opinion that, in the global marketplace, less than exact technical standards will never be enough for today's consumer- and, in today's largely poisoned environment, it shouldn't be, either, Furthermore, much "soft" guidelines can easily backfire on the farmers themselves, as a system not based on facts must be by definition subject to local politics, bribery, favouritism, etc.

India must find a way to keep the strict international organic standards intact if it wants to compete in the international market for organic foods- but is there a way to do it without leaving small farmers out in the cold? One obvious solution is for the government to subsidize these certification fees enough to make it a viable option for ordinary farmers, not just for neo-organic factory farms and greenhouses. Banks also could provide a more level playing field for small farmers. Currently, almost bank loans are for pure crop farmers. While many of these big-business farmers use harmful chemicals and processes, small farmers fertilizing their soil with recycled organic wastes are usually ineligible for insurance, much less state subsidies.

- **51.** What role does the National Institute of Organic Farming have to play in the organic farming area?
 - (1) To set standards for the import of material required for organic farming within India

- (2) To ensure that Indian farm products conform to the international standard for organic foods.
- (3) To suggest methods to farmers for producing the best organic products.
- (4) To import the best organic foods from international countries and harvest them in India.
- (5) To set up agencies internationally for the marketing of Indian organic produce.
- **52.** Which of the following is possibly the most appropriate title for the passage?
 - (1) Agribusiness in India
 - (2) Organic Farming in India An Irony
 - (3) Inorganic Farming A Health Hazard
 - (4) Small and Marginal Farmers
 - (5) Organic Farming in India and the US
- **53.** Why, according to the author, is the term "organic by default" degrading?
 - As Indian farmers are adopting incorrect methods of organic farming, thereby rendering the crop useless
 - (2) As the crop cultivated out of organic farming is rejected by most international agencies.
 - (3) As all the farmers in India do not have any access to chemical fertilizers and pesticides to carry out inorganic farming
 - (4) As the Government has issued a directive to farmers in India to carry out organic farming alone
 - (5) As it means that the farmers in India cannot afford to use anything but organic methods of farming
- **54.** Which of the following are reasons for the increasing demand for organic foods and organic farming?
 - (A) Consumption of inorganic food has given rise to human diseases
 - (B) Excessive use of pesticides has caused soil erosion
 - (C) There has been a loss in soil nutrient value of soil due to chemical farming

- (1) Only (B)
- (2) Only (A) and (B)
- (3) Only (C)
- (4) Only (B) and (C)
- (5) All (A), (B) and (C) are true
- 55. Why according to the author, will the idea of community certification not work?
 - (1) As there may not be enough people in the community to work on a non-profit basis
 - (2) As the farmers may not be forthcoming in providing information about their cultivation practices and thus lead to the failure of this system
 - (3) As the certification granted through this scheme will not be authentic at all
 - (4) As certification sought in this manner may give rise to vested interests and also not meet the stringent criteria laid down globally
 - (5) None of these
- 56. Which of the following is TRUE in the context of the passage?
 - (A) The Indian Government is not in favour of acquiring certification to meet global standards
 - (B) The process of certification is quite time-consuming and expensive.
 - (C) The farmer does not earn much during the three -four years that it takes to get certification
 - (1) Only (A) and (C)
 - (2) Only (B)
 - (3) Only (B) and (C)
 - (4) Only (A) and (B)
 - (5) All (A), (B) and (C)
- 57. What according to the author, is a major problem with Organic Farming in India?
 - (1) Despite their organic nature most farms in India are not perceived as organic because of mere paperwork
 - (2) The Government has not paid attention to organic farming in India thereby promoting inorganic farming to a great
 - (3) Only recycled organic waste is available to Indian farmers for the purpose of organic farming
 - (4) Indian farmers are accustomed to the usage of chemicals and their farms have now started losing their fertility

- (5) Large number of farmers in India are averse to the idea of organic farming as it is not profitable
- 58. Which of the following, according to the author are factors that can help in acquiring organic farming certification in India?
 - (A) Providing more bank loans to small farmers
 - (B) Reducing the quantum of loans being provided to pure crop farmers
 - (C) Lowering the cost of certification
 - (1) Only (A)
 - (2) Only (C)
 - (3) Only (A) and (C)
 - (4) Only (B) and (C)
 - (5) All (A), (B) and (C)

Directions (59 - 62): Choose the word/group of words which is most similar in meaning to the word/ group of words printed in bold as used in the passage.

59. ARDUOUS

- (1) pleasurable
- (3) difficult (2) different
- (4) hazardous
- (5) threatening

60. FORMULATE

- (1) regularise (2) contemplate
- (3) apply
- (4) frame
- (5) mix
- 61. DEGRADING

 - (1) corrupting (2) minimizing

 - (3) lowering (4) demeaning
 - (5) worrying

62. TRANSITIONAL

- (1) extreme
- (2) intermediate
- (3) revolutionary
- (4) base
- (5) changed

Directions (63 - 65): Choose the word/group of words which is most opposite in meaning to the word/group of words printed in bold as used in the passage.

63. VIABLE

- (1) impossible (2) negative
- (3) deadly (4) practical
- (5) rudimentary

64. INEVITABLY

- (1) avoidably
- (2) mostly
- (3) certainly
- (4) expectedly
- (5) predictably

65. ACCORDANCE

- (1) division
- (2) quarrel
- (3) tune (4) enmity
- (5) conflict

- Direction (66 70): Which of the phrases (1), (2), (3) and (4) given below each sentence should replace the word/phrase printed in bold in the sentence to make it grammatically correct? If the sentence is correct as it is given and no correction is reguired, mark (5) as the answer.
- 66. Since Riva did not want to be disturbed while studying, she left the phone off hooks.

TO W Don

- (1) off the hook
- (2) off hooking
- (3) for the hook
- (4) of hook
- (5) No correction required
- 67. Since Shilpa was overburdened with work, Deepa decided to gave her hand.
 - (1) giving hands
 - (2) give her a hand
 - (3) giving her handful
 - (4) gave her hands
 - (5) No correction required
- 68. Despite having passed out from school over ten year a back, most schoolmates has keep touch with each other.
 - (1) are kept touched
 - (2) is keeping touch
 - (3) keep touched
- (4) had kept in touch
 - (5) No correction required
- 69. Seeta has well awareness of the fact that her actions would have terrible repercussions.
 - (1) was well aware of
 - (2) has aware for
 - (3) is aware to
 - (4) is in awareness with
- (5) No correction required
- 70. Shashi tried as hard he would to win the race but failed to do
 - (1) as hardly so he could
 - (2) as hard as he could
 - (3) hardly so as
 - (4) so hard that could
 - (5) No correction required

Directions (71 - 75): In each of the following questions four words are given of which two words are most nearly the same or opposite in meaning. Find the two words which are most nearly the same or opposite in meaning. The number of the correct letter combination is your answer.

- 71. (A) Disciple
- (B) Student
- (C) Academy
- (D) Martyr
- (1) A C(3) B - C
- (2) C D (4) B - D
- (5) A B

NABARD ASSISTANT MANAGER EXAM

- 72. (A) Magnetic (B) Cherished
 - (C) Valued (D) Forlorn (1) C D (2) A B
 - (1) C D (2) A B (3) B - D (4) B - C
 - (5) A D
- 73. (A) Ordinary (B) Vague
 - (C) Custom (D) Exceptional
 - (1) A B (2) B C
 - (3) C D (4) A D
 - (5) B D
- 74. (A) Damaged
 - (B) Hurried
 - (C) Condemned
 - (D) Measured
 - (1) A B (2) C D
 - (3) B D (4) B C
- 75. (A) Remote (B) Troubled
 - (C) Secluded (D) Apparent
 - (1) B C (2) A D
 - (3) B D (4) C D
 - (5) A C

Directions (76 – 80): Rearrange the following six sentences (A), (B), (C), (D), (E) and (F) in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph; then answer the questions given below them.

- (A) A legal framework is thus, now available for promoting energy efficiency in all sectors of the economy.
- (B) The increasing preference for commercial energy has led to a sharp increase in the demand for electricity and fossil fuels.
- (C) There is still a considerable potential for repairing such damage and reducing energy consumption by adopting energy efficiency measures at various sectors of our country.
- (D) This framework is nothing but the Energy Conservation Act. 2001, the success of which greatly depends on the people who take the lead in supporting this programme.
- (E) This use of fossil fuels has resulted in emission of a huge quantity of carbon dioxide causing serious environmental damage.
- (F) These adopted measures will not only reduce the need to create new capacity requiring high investment, but also result in substantial environmental benefits.

- **76.** Which of the following should be the **FIRST** sentence after rearrangement?
 - (1) A (2) B
 - (3) C (4) D
 - 5) E
- 77. Which of the following should be the FOURTH sentence after rearrangement?
 - (1) E
- (2) F
- (3) A (4) D
- (5) B
- 78. Which of the following should be the SECOND sentence after rearrangement?
 - (1) B
 - (3) D (4) E
 - (5) F
- 79. Which of the following should be the LAST (SIXTH) sentence after rearrangement?
 - (1) A
- (2) B

(2) C

- (3) C
- (4) D
- (5) E
- 80. Which of the following should be the FIFTH sentence after rearrangement?
 - (1) A
- (2) B
- (3) C
- (4) D
- (5) E

Directions (81 – 90): Read each sentence to find out whether there is any grammatical error or idiomatic error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. The number of that part is the answer. If there is no error, the answer is '5'. (Ignore errors of punctuation, if any).

- 81. More than half of the food products (1)/ targeted at babies and toddlers have (2)/ a high sugar content and are (3) excessive sweet. (4)/ No error (5).
- 82. The foreign company has so far declined to (1)/ directly comment on the Indian company's move, (2)/ which analysts say is a sign the company wanting to (3)/ fight for its presence in the market. (4)/ No error (5)
- 83. After forty years of trying to (1)/
 understand why asbestos causes cancer (2)/ researchers have
 now finally (3)/ unravelled the
 mystery. (4)/ No error (5)
- 84. A property dealer was (1)/ shoot dead by four unidentified jacket-clad men (2)/ while taking a morning walk (3)/ in a park. (4)/ No error (5)

- 85. The audition for India's first ever (1)/ reality-based pop band hunt, is (2)/ going on in full swing, (3)/ with numerous entries came in (4)/ No error (5)
- 86. To curbing the spread of violence, (1)/ authorities brought under curfew (2)/ more areas in the State, where (3)/ three youths were killed. (4)/ No error (5)
- 87. Demand for diesel cars, which has (1)/ been on the rise for the last few years, (2)/ may dip as the government is increasing the price (3) of the fuel, bringing it closer to that of petrol. (4)/ No error (5)
- 88. Not only was the actress over the moon (1)/ as winning an award, but was (2)/ also deeply touched by the support (3)/ she got from the industry. (4)/ No error (5)
- 89. The protestors went on a rampaging (1)/ and set ablaze three shops (2)/ resulting in injuries to thirty people (3)/ including women and children. (4)/ No error (5)
- 90. Hectic schedules can (1)/ take a toll on anybody and (2)/ the solutions to this is (3)/ a quick holiday to some exotic location (4)/ No error (5)

Directions (91 – 100): In the following passage there are blank each of which has been numbered. These numbers are printed below the passage and against each, five word are suggested, one of which fits the blank appropriately. Find out the appropriate word in each case.

India has become, in purchas ing power parity terms, the fourth larg est economy in the world. India's ecc nomic (91) since 1980 has bee among the (92) rapid. Although Indi managed its one incipient crisis in th early 1990s. it avoided the catastroph ic losses (93). While many (94) tha exposing India's economy to glob: competition would reveal India's ecnomic (95), it has rather reveale strengths and often unexpecte strengths in new areas no plann would have (96) of. India is increase ingly taking its (97) on the global star and in international forums as a 21 century superpower. The generation of politicians and policy makers wh have been (98) of leading India where it is today can be justifiably (9 of the transformation. But achiev

ments create new (100), two of which are -improving service delivery, particularly to the poor, through greater accountability and expanding the benefits of rapid growth-across sectors, regions, and people.

- 91. (1) decline (3) crisis
- (2) policy (4) treaty
- (5) growth
- 92. (1) several (2) very (4) much
 - (3) most (5) so
- 93. (1) end
- (2) deterioration
- (3) thus
- (4) together
- (5) elsewhere
- 94. (1) asked
- (2) feared (4) spoke
- (3) think
- (5) believe
- 95. (1) growth
 - (2) space (3) gain (4) weakness
 - (5) void
- 96. (1) questioned
 - (2) dreamed
 - (3) arranged
 - (4) plan
 - (5) wanted
- 97. (1) matter (3) life
- (2) place (4) generation
- (5) mark
- 98. (1) part (2) issues
 - (3) humans (5) thought
- (4) figment
- 99. (1) worried
- (2) angry (3) honoured
 - (4) distinguished
- (5) proud
- 100. (1) impossibilities
- (2) evaluations
 - (3) challenges
 - (4) comparisons
 - (5) dangers

QUANTITATIVE APTITUDE

Directions (101 - 105): What will come in place of the question mark (?) in the following questions?

- 101 $(0.7)^2 \div (0.343) = (0.7)^2 \div (0.49)^3$
 - (1) 3 (2) 6
 - (3) 7 (4) 4
 - None of these 5
- 102 1575 ÷ 21 ÷ 5 = $\sqrt{?} \times 6$
- (3) 62.5
- (4) 2.5
- (5) None of these
- 103. $5.6 \times 12.5 \div 0.5 + 15.5 = ? +$ 49.5
 - 106 (3) 120
- (2) 110 (4) 156

Knowledge comes, but wisdom tingers.

(5) None of these

- **104.** $(\sqrt{2}-1)^2 = 8-\sqrt{28}$
 - (1) 6
- (4) 7
- (5) None of these
- 105. 32.5 × 26% of 450 ÷ 3 -745.5 = ?
 - (1) 542
- (2) 522

- (3) 632
- (4) 612
- (5) None of these Directions (106 - 110): What

approximate value will come in place of the question mark (?) in the following questions? (you are not expected to calculate the exact value)

- $2\frac{2}{7} \times \frac{4}{5} \div 1 \frac{1}{19} \times 4 \frac{1}{7} = ?$
- (3) 12
- (4) 15
- **107.** $(14.98)^2 (3.99)^3 + (8.01)^3 = ?$ (2) 600
 - W 675 (3) 700
- (4) 580
- (5) 540
- 109. 35.01% of 999 + 19.99% of 601

 - (1) 580470
 - (3) 400
- (4) 540
- (5) 420
- 109-8999.94 3001.01 999.09 = ? - 4999.91
 - (1) 9000
 - (2) 9500
 - (3) 10,000 (4) 10,500 (5) 9,700
- 110 $1401 \div 29.98 \times 9.96 100.01$
 - (1) 460
- (2) 550
- (3) 365 (5) 200
- (4) 250

Directions (111 - 115): What will come in place of the question mark (?) in the following number series?

- 111. 18 96 161 213 252 (?) (1) 264 (2) 278
 - (3) 265
- (4) 291
- (5) None of these
- 112. 7 13 24 40
 - (1) 87 (3) 89
- (2)92(4) 93
- (5) None of these
- 12 39 55 180 (?) (H) 216 (2) 238
 - (3) 240 (4) 206
- (5) None of these 7 19 39
 - (1) 107 (2) 113
 - (3) 109 (4) 103 (5) None of these
 - 759 423 255 171 (1) 118
- 129 (?) (2) 107

(4) 92

(3)98(5) None of these

- Directions (116 120): In the following questions two equations numbered I and II are given. You have to solve both the equations and
 - Give answer (1) If x > y
 - Give answer (2) If $x \ge y$
 - Give answer (3) If x < y
 - Give answer (4) If x < y
 - Give answer (5) If x = y
- or the relationship cannot be established
- **116.** I. $x^2 \sqrt{(1296)^{1/2}} = 58$
 - II. $(u)^{7/3} \times (u)^{2/3} 262 = 250$
- **117.** I. 2x + 3y = 19
 - II. 7x 4y = 23
- **118.** I. $x^2 + 12 = 7x$ II. $v^2 + 30 = 11u$
- **119.** I. $\sqrt{16} + \sqrt{x+18} = \sqrt{121}$
 - II. $u^2 640 = 321$
- **120.** I. $x^2 \frac{(11)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}} = 0$
 - II. $\frac{18}{\sqrt{u}} \sqrt{y} = \frac{7}{\sqrt{u}}$
- 121. A man sold an item for Rs. 6,750 at a loss of 25%. What will be the selling price of same item if he sells it at a profit of 15%?
 - (1) Rs. 10,530
 - (2) Rs.9,950 (3) Rs.10,350
 - (4) Rs.11,340
 - (5) None of these
- 122. The sum of the circumference of a circle and the perimeter of a rectangle is 132 cm. The area of the rectangle is 112 sq. cm and breadth of the rectangle is 8 cm. What is the area of the
 - circle? (1) 616 sq. cm.
 - (2) 540 sq. cm.
 - (3) 396 sq. cm.
 - (4) Cannot be determined (5) None of these
- 123. The cost of 5 kg of apple is equal to the cost of 12 kgs of rice. The cost of 3 kg of flour is equal to one kg of rice. The cost of one kg. of flour is Rs. 17.50. What is the total cost of 3 kg of apple, 2 kg of rice and 4 kg of flour
 - together? (1) Rs. 543 (2) Rs. 527
 - (3) Rs. 563 (4) Rs. 553 (5) None of these
- 124. Thirty five percent of 740 is 34 more than a number. What is two-fifth of the number?

- (3) 180 (4) 120

- (5) None of these

(1) 45 (2) 90

- 125. The ratio between the angles of a quadrilateral is 6:3:4:5. The smallest angle of a triangle is one-fourth the largest angle of the quadrilateral. Largest angle of the triangle is 10° more than second largest angle of the triangle. What is the second larg
 - est angle of the triangle? (1) 80°
 - (2) 60°
 - (3) 70°
 - (4) Cannot be determined
 - (5) None of these
- 126. A train covered a distance of 1235 km in 19 hours. Also, the average speed of a car is fourfifth the average speed of the train. How much distance will
 - the car cover in 22 hours?
 - (1) 1234 km (2) 1144 km (3) 1134 km (4) 1244 km
 - (5) None of these
- 127. The ratio between the present ages of Meera and Priya is 3:4 respectively. Ten yours ago the ratio between their ages was 4:
 - 7 respectively. What will be
 - Meera's age after 5 years? (1) 18 years (2) 24 years
 - (3) 23 years (4) 29 years
 - (5) None of these
- 128. The average marks of nine students in a group is 63. Three of them scored 78, 69 and 48 marks. What are the average marks of remaining six students?
 - (1) 63.5 (2) 64
 - (4) 62.5 (3) 63
 - (5) None of these
- 129. A bag contains 7 red balls, 4 green balls and 5 yellow balls. What is the probability that 3 balls drawn at random are either green or yellow?

 - (5) None of these
- 130. Six boys or four men can complete a piece of work in 24 days. In how many days will 3 boys and 10 men together complete the same piece of work?

(2) 8

- (1) 6
- (3) 12
- (4) Cannot be determined
- (5) None of these

Directions (131 - 135): Study the following table carefully to answer the questions that follow:

NABARD ASSISTANT WANAGER EXAM

Number of Clerks and Officers recruited (in thousands) by five different banks during six different years

Bank

Year	Α		В		C		D		E	
	Clerk	Officer								
2004	4.2	1.6	3.6	2.2	5.3	3.8	6.9	5.6	7.7	6.9
2005	5.2	2.7	5.8	4.6	6.9	4.0	7.0	3.8	8.8	4.4
2006	3.3	3.9	4.9	2.8	6.4	4.6	9.5	7.8	9.9	7.9
2007	5.7	4.1	5.8	5.6	7.9	5.7	8.6	6.3	11.5	9.8
2008	6.9	3.9	6.9	5.7	5.8	6.4	11.7	9.8	14.8	11.3
2009	7.2	5.5	8.9	5.1	6.8	5.5	10.6	8.9	15.9	10.7

- 131. In which bank the total number of Officers and Clerks recruited together in the year 2008 is second highest?
 - (1) E
- (2) C

(4) A

- (3) B (5) D
- 132. What was the respective ratio between the total number of Officers recruited by bank C and D together in the year 2006 and
 - the number of Clerks recruited by bank A in the year 2009? (1) 31:18
 - (2) 31:17
 - (3) 18:35
 - (4) 19:11
 - (5) None of these
- 133. What was the average number of Officers recruited by Bank C over all the years?
 - (1) 3.000
- (2) 5,000
- (3) 30,000 (4) 5,500
- (5) None of these
- 134. In which bank the number of Clerks recruited continuously increased during the year 2004 to 2009?
 - (1) Only D and E
 - (2) Only B
 - (3) Only E
 - (4) Only C and D (5) None of these
- 135. Total number of Officers recruited by all the banks together in the year 2004 was approximately what percentage of the total number of Clerks recruited by bank B in the year 2008 and 2009 together?
 - (1) 112
- (2) 77
- (3)93
- (5) 102

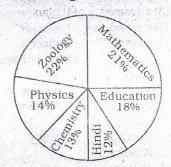
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Directions (136 - 140): Study the following Pie-chart and the table given beside it carefully to answer these questions.

Percentage wise Distribution of lecturers in Six Different Subjects in a University

Total number of Lecturers: 1600 Percentage of Lecturers



Ratio Between Male and Female Lecturers in the University

Lecturers	Males	Females	
Mathematics	3	4	
Education	5	3	
Hindi	1	3	
Chemistry	1,	7, ,	
Physics	9	5	
Zoology	7	9	

- 136. Total number of lecturers (both male and female) in Hindi is approximately what percent of the total number of female lecturers in Mathematics and Chemistry together?
 - (1)58
- (2) 43
- (3) 47
- (4) 51
- (5) 40
- 137. What is the difference between the total number of lecturers (both male and female) in Zoology and the total number of male lecturers in Chemistry and Education together?
 - (1) 192
- (2) 182

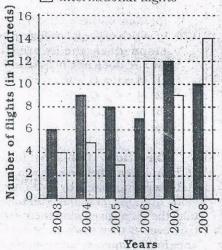
NABARD ASSISTANT MANAGER EXAM

- (4) 136
- (5) None of these
- 138. What is the difference between the number of female lecturers in Zoology and the number of male lecturers in Hindi?
 - (1) 156 (2) 160
 - (3) 150
- (4) 153
- (5) None of these
- 139. What is the total number of male lecturers in the university?
 - (1)696
- (2) 702
- (3) 712
- (4) 668
- (5) None of these
- 140. What is the respective ratio between the number of female lecturers in Physics and the number of male lecturers in Mathematics?
 - (1) 5:9
- (2) 2 : 9
- $(3) \ 3 : 7$
- (4) 5:3
- (5) None of these

Directions (141 - 145): Study the following graph and answer the questions that follow.

Number of National and International flights (in hundreds) cancelled in six different years

- National flights
- International flights



- 141. What is the approximate average number of national flights cancelled over all the years?
 - (1) 780
- (2) 867
- (3)898
- (4) 824
- (5)765
- 142. Total number of international flights cancelled in the years 2006 and 2007 together is approximately what percentage of international flights cancelled in the years 2003, 2004 and 2008 together?

- (3) 96 (4) 91
- 143. What is the difference between the total number of national flights and the total number of international flights cancelled over all the years?
 - (1) 500
- (2) 250
- (3)700
- (4) 450
- (5) None of these
- 144. In which year is the total number of flights (both National and International) cancelled the second lowest?
 - (1) 2003
- (2) 2004 (4) 2007
- (3) 2006
- (5) None of these
- 145. What is the respective ratio between the number of international flights cancelled in the year 2007 and the total number of national flights cancelled in the years 2004 and 2005 together?
 - (1) 9:17 (2) 9:8
 - (3) 16:9 (4) 3:1
 - (5) None of these

Directions (146 - 150) : Study the following information carefully to answer the questions that follow:

In a tournament, a total number of 400 players have participated in five different sports, viz, badminton, hockey, lawn tennis, cricket and baseball. 15 percent of the total players have participated in badminton. Two-fifth of the total players have participated in hockey. 6 percent of the total players have participated in lawn tennis. 25 percent of the total players have participated in cricket. Remaining players have participated in baseball. One-fourth of the hockey players are females. 20 per cent of badminton players are male. Half the players who have participated in lawn tennis are males. There are 45 female cricket players. No female player has participated in baseball.

- 146. Number of female players participating in badminton is approximately what percentage of the number of players participating in baseball?
 - (1)72
- (2) 75

(4) 95

- (3) 80
- 147. What is the diffrence between the number of male players participating in hockey and the number of female players participating in lawn tennis?

- (2) 98
- (3) 102 (4) 108
- (5) 99 (5) None of these
 - 148. If due to certain reason cricket game was dropped and all the cricket players left the tournament, then what would be the total number of male players in the tournament?
 - (1) 200
- (2) 210
- (3) 190
- (4) 220
- (5) None of these
- 149. What is the respective ratio between the number of male players participating in badminton and the number of female players participating in hockey?
 - (1) 3:11
- (2) 3:10
- (3) 6:11 (4) 11:6
- (5) None of these
- 150. What is the total number of females players participating in the tournament?
 - (1) 130
- (2) 120
- (3) 145 (4) 155
- (5) None of these

REASONING ABILITY

- 151. Town C is towards the South of town B and town A is toward the North of town C. In which of the following directions is town A with respect to town B?
 - (1) North
 - (2) South
 - (3) South-West
 - (4) Cannot be determined
 - (5) West
- 152. How many such pairs of letters are there in the word MARGINS. each of which has as many letters between them in the word (in both forward and backward directions) as they have between them in the English alphabetical series ? A e o anumo war

 - (1) None (2) One
 - (3) Two (4) Three
 - (5) More than three
- 153. If it is possible to make only one meaningful word with the third, fourth, eighth and the ninth letters of the word 'CENTURIES'. which would be the second letter of the word from the left? If more than one such word can be formed, give 'A' as the answer. If no such word can be formed, give 'Z' as your answer.
 - (2) N (3) T(4) E
 - (5)Z

- 154. The position of how many alphabets will remain unchanged if each of the alphabets in word PRODUCTS is arranged in alphabetical order from left to right?
 - (1) None
- (2) One
- (3) Two
- (4) Three
- (5) More than three
- **155.** Which of the following represents the correct relationship as indicated in the given figure? (Not necessarily in the given sequence)





- (1) Vegetables: Apples: Fruits
- (2) Gears: Tyres: Cars
- (3) Cone : Cylinder : Sphere
- (4) Planets : Solar system : Galaxy
- (5) Gold : Silver : Metal
- **156.** What should come next in the following letter series?
 - abcdefbcdegcdeh
 - (1) i (3) d
- (2) c (4) g
- (5) None of these
- **157.** Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and hence form a group. Which one **does not** belong to the group?
 - (1) Paper
- (2) Wool
- (3) Cotton
- (4) Wood
- (5) Plastic
- 158. 'Solidiers' are related to 'Army' in the same way as 'Players' are related to '____.
 - (1) Game
 - (2) Tournament
 - (3) Sports
 - (4) Captain
 - (5) Team
- 159. Pointing to a photograph Mohan said "his mother's only child is my father's only son". Whose photograph is Mohan pointing to?
 - (1) Brother's (2) His own
 - (4) 5 -1
 - (3) Cousion's (4) Father's
- (5) Nephew

 160. What will come in place of question (?) mark in the following series ?
 - BC EF IJ NO?
 - (1) ST
- (2) TU
- (3) UV
- (4) QR
- (5) None of these
- **Directions (161 –165):** Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.

In an international meet, representatives, A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H from eight different countries viz. Thailand, France, Holland, Austria, U.S., Spain, India and Germany (not necessarily in the same order) sit around a circular table facing the centre. A who represents Germany sits third to the left of E. The one who is from India sits to the immediate right of A. D who is from Holland sits second to the right of B. B is not an immediate neighbour of E. C who is from Spain sits exactly in the middle of people representing U.S. and India.G, the representative from France sits second to the left of H who is from Thailand.

- 161. How many people sit between A and representative from Austria when counted in clockwise direction?
 - (1) None
- (2) One
- (3) Two
- (4) Three
- (5) Four
- **162.** Which of the following is **TRUE** regarding representative F?
 - (1) F is the representative of Austria
 - (2) F sits second to the left of the representative from Thailand.
 - (3) Representative from Germany is not an immediate neighbour of F.
 - (4) E sits third to the right of F.
 - (5) None is true
- 163. In which of the following pairs is the representative from the first country sitting to the immediate left of the representative from the second country?
 - (1) India Thailand
 - (2) Austria U.S.
 - (3) Thailand Holland
 - (4) Spain Germany
 - (5) U.S. Spain
- **164.** What is the position of B with respect to the position of representative from the U.S.?
 - (1) Third to the left
 - (2) Fourth to the right
 - (3) Fourth to the left
 - (4) Second to the right
 - (5) Second to the left
- 165. Which of the following pairs represents the immediate neighbours of the representative from Holland?
 - (1) CG
- (2) BE
- (3) AH (4) HB
- (5) GE

- 166. The representative of which of the following countries is seated second to the left of Indian representative?
 - (1) Thailand (2) U.S.
 - (3) France (4) Spain
 - (5) None of these
- 167. The representative of which of the following countries sits exactly in the middle of the representatives from Thailand and France?
 - (1) Holland
- (2) Austria
- (3) Germany (4) U.S.
- (5) None of these

Direction (168 – 170): Read the following information/statement carefully and answer the questions.

- 168. Which of the following expressions will be true if the given expression ' $K \ge G > H \le F$ ' is definitely true?
 - (1) F ≥ K
- (2) H < K (4) K ≥ H
- (3) F < G
- (5) None of these
- **169.** In which of the following expressions will the expression 'A < D' be **definitely true**?
 - (1) $A \ge B = C < D$
 - (2) $A > B = C \ge D$
 - (3) $A < B = C \le D$ (4) $A > B < C \le D$
 - (5) None of these
- 170. In which of the following expressions does the expression 'M > R' does not hold true?
 - (1) M = P > Q > R
 - (2) $M > P \ge Q = R$
 - (3) R = P < Q < M
 - (4) $R < Q \le P = M$
 - (5) M = P < Q = R

Directions (171–175): In each of the questions below are given three statements followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. You have to take the three given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the given statements disregarding commonly known facts.

Give answer (1) if only conclusion I follows.

Give answer (2) if only conclusion II follows.

Give answer (3) if either conclusion I or conclusion II follows.

Give answer (4) if neither conclusion I nor conclusion II follows:

Give answer (5) if both conclusion I and conclusion II follow.

171. Statements:

All typhoons are cyclones. All winds are typhoons. All clouds are winds.

Conclusions:

- I. All typhoons are clouds.
- II. All clouds are cyclones.

172. Statements:

Some floppies are keyboards. All keyboards are speakers. All speakers are monitors.

Conclusions:

- I. Some monitors are floppies.
- II. All keyboards are monitors

173. Statements:

Some keys are locks. Some locks are doors. All doors are windows.

Conclusions:

- I. Some keys are doors.
- II. Some windows are locks.

174. Statements:

All islands are countries. All continents are islands. All planets are countries.

Conclusions:

- Some continents are not countries.
- II. No planet is a continent.

175. Statements:

All buses are scooters. No scooter is a train. Some trains are jeeps.

Conclusions:

- I. No bus is a train.
- II. Some jeeps are scooters.

Directions (176 – 180): In each question below a statement is given followed by two courses of action numbered I and II. A course of action is a practicable and feasible step or administrative decision to be taken for follow-up, improvement, or further action in regard to the problem, policy etc. On the basis of the information given in the statement, you have to assume everything in the statement to be true, and decide which of the suggested courses of action logically follow(s) for pursuing.

Give answer (1) if only I follows.
Give answer (2) if only II follows.
Give answer (3) if either I or II follows.

Give answer (4) if neither I nor II follows.

Give answer (5) if both I and II follow.

176. Statement: According to latest statistics, number of rhinos killed by tigers was much more than the number of rhinos killed by poachers in a wildlife sanctuary.

Courses of action:

- Stricter regulations should be framed in order to punish the poachers.
- II. As done in some sanctuaries, the areas where tigers hunt and the areas with dominant rhino population should be artificially separated.
- 177. Statement: A mid-air collision was narrowly avoided when pilot of one of the aircrafts neglected the air traffic controller's instructions.

Courses of action:

- Pilots of both of the aircrafts should be immediately reprimanded by revoking their licenses.
- II. The training of air traffic controllers should be improved and made more comprehensive in order to avoid such incidents in future.
- 178. Statement: Oil spill from the oil carrier of one of the biggest oil companies has severely affected the marine life in a large area near the gulf region.

Courses of action:

- I. The oil company should be penalised for the negligence and the harm caused to the environment.
- II. Efforts should be made to shift as many marine animals in the area as possible to safer habitats.
- 179. Statement: Many private schools have been reportedly denying admission to students from poor families while preferring those with sound financial background regardless of their merit.

Courses of action:

- I. Poor students should be encouraged to take admissions only in Government run schools where such discrimination does not exist.
- II. The government should enforce a certain percentage of seats for students from poor families in every school.

180. Statement: The number of malaria cases has been rising significantly in the city since the last few months.

Courses of action:

- I. The municipal authorities should take immediate steps to destroy the breeding places of mosquitoes and improve hygiene in the area.
- II. A campaign to educate people about the ways to prevent the disease should be started using local media and social workers.

Directions (181–185): In each question below is given a statement followed by two assumptions numbered I and II. An assumption is something supposed or taken for granted. You have to consider the statement and the following assumptions and decide which of the assumptions is implicit in the statement.

Give answer (1) if only Assumption I is implicit.

Give answer (2) if only Assumption II is implicit.

Give answer (3) if either Assumption I or Assumption II is implicit

Give answer (4) if neither Assumption I nor Assumption II is implicit.

Give answer (5) if both Assumptions I and II are implicit.

181. Statement: A leading university has begun a practice of displaying results only on the internet rather than the main notice boards.

Assumptions:

- I. All the students enrolled with the university have access to internet at home.
- II. Most of the students referred to the results displayed on both the internet as well as the notice boards earlier.
- 182. Statement: In order to replenish the nutrients in the soil, it is important to grow different types of crops every alternate season.

Assumptions:

- A crop can never be grown for the second time in the same field.
- II. If a different crop is grown in the successive season, no additional nutrients such as fertilizers are required to be added to the soil.

183. Statement: If farmers want to improve their yield, they must use organic fertilizers in place of chemical fertilizers.

Assumptions:

- Chemical fertilizers have certain ill effects on health.
- Chemical fertilizers do not produce as much yield as the organic fertilizers.
- **184. Statements :** Store eatables in the deep freeze in order to preserve these for a long time.

Assumptions:

- Food material remains eatable even after deep freezing for a long time.
- II. It is not possible to store any eatable at room temperature even for a shorter period of time.
- **185. Statements**: A leading NGO decided to open a library containing books and newspapers of all major publishers in a remote village.

Assumptions:

- All other nearby villages already have similar libraries.
- II. There is adequate number of literate people in the village.

Directions (186–188): Below in each question are given two statements (A) and (B). These statements may be either independent causes or may be effects of independent causes or a common cause. One of these statements may be the effect of the other statement. Read both the statements and decide which of the following answer choice correctly depicts the relationship between these two statements.

Mark answer (1) if statement (A) is the cause and statement (B) is its effect.

Mark answer (2) if statement (B) is the cause and statement (A) is its effect.

Mark answer (3) if both the statements (A) and (B) are independent causes.

Mark answer (4) if both the statements (A) and (B) are effects of independent causes.

Mark answer (5) if both the statements (A) and (B) are effects of some common cause.

186. (A) The government has decided to take strict action against the builder responsible for construction of the bridge for having used low

- quality material thereby risking several lives.
- (B) The government has decided to build a vehicular bridge over the river connecting the suburban area to the city in order to reduce the traffic load on the main road.
- **187.** (A) Many people prefer to shop at the big retail chains than the local grocery stores.
 - (B) Retail chains offer a discount of more than 25% as compared to the local grocery shops.
- **188.** (A) More than two billion pounds of chemicals are spewed in the air everyday by industries and vehicles of some countries.
 - (B) International Pollution Control Organization is expected to penalize the countries which cross the maximum emission limits.

Directions (189–190): Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.

A word and number arrangement machine when given an input line of words and numbers, rearranges them following a particular rule in each step. The following is an illustration of input and rearrangement.

Input : Spark 82 27 Uva 46 Beat

Omni 73

Step I: 73 Spark 82 27 Uva 46 Beat Omni

dear Ollini

Step II : 73 27 Spark 82 Uva 46 Beat Omni

Step III: 73 27 82 Spark Uva 46 Beat Omni

Step IV: 73 27 82 46 Spark Uva Beat Omni

Step V: 73 27 82 46 Omni Spark Uva Beat

Step VI: 73 27 82 46 Omni Uva Spark Beat

Step VII: 73 27 82 46 Omni Uva Beat Spark

Step VII is the last step of the arrangement.

As per the rules followed in the above steps, find out in each of the following questions the appropriate step for the given input.

189. Input : Oat 19 Eat 83 66 Cat 54 Fur

How many steps will be required to complete the rearrangement?

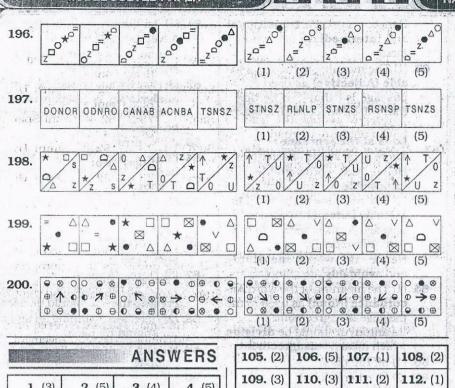
- (1) Three (2) Four
 - (3) Five (4) Six
 - (5) None of these
- **190.** Input : Boat 34 Ink 21 42 Wind Air 75

Which of the following will be step VII of the above input?

- (1) 75 21 42 Boat 34 Ink Wind Air
- (2) 75 21 42 Boat 34 Ink Wind
- (3) 75 42 34 21 Air, Boat Ink Wind
- (4) There will be no such step as it gets arranged before step VII
- (5) None of these

Directions (191–200): In each of the questions given below which one of the following answer figures on the right should come after the problem figures on the left, if the sequence were continued?

Problem Figures Answer Figures 192. SOO= Z (1) (2)(3) (4) (5)193. (2) Z Z P ZP 194. Δ Δ Δ Δ (1) (2)(3)(4) (5)195. APDTV DPOTV AOVDP ADVOP AOTDP THPIS HTIPD DPOTH PDTOA (1) (2)(3) (4) (5)



		ANS	WERS
1. (3)	2. (5)	3. (4)	4. (5)
5. (2)	6. (3)	7. (1)	8. (2)
9. (5)	10. (4)	11. (4).	12. (3)
13. (1)	14. (2)	15. (5)	16. (2)
17. (4)	18. (5)	19. (5)	20. (4)
21. (1)	22. (1)	23. (5)	24. (4)
25. (3)	26. (2)	27. (1)	28. (3)
29. (1)	30. (5)	31. (3)	32. (1)
33. (1)	34. (5)	35. (5)	36. (2)
37. (4)	38. (2)	39. (4)	40. (5)
41. (2)	42. (5)	43. (1)	44. (4)
45. (4)	46. (1)	47. (4)	48. (3)
49. (2)	50. (2)	51. (2)	52. (5)
53. (3)	54. (5)	55. (4)	56. (3)
57. (1)	58. (3)	59. (2)	60. (4)
61. (4)	62. (2)	63. (1)	64. (1)
65. (1)	66. (1)	67. (2)	68. (4)
69. (1)	70. (2)	71. (5)	72. (4)
73. (4)	74. (3)	75. (5)	76. (2)
77. (2)	78. (4)	79. (4)	80. (1)
81. (4)	82. (3)	83. (5)	84. (2)
85. (4)	86. (1)	87. (3)	88. (2)
89. (1)	90. (3)	91. (1)	92. (3)
93. (5)	94. (2)	95. (4)	96. (2)
97. (2)	98. (1)	99. (5)	100. (3)

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105. (2)	106. (5)	107. (1)	108. (2)
109. (3)	110. (3)	111. (2)	112. (1)
113. (1)	114. (4)	115. (5)	116. (4)
117. (1)	118. (3)	119. (2)	120. (5)
121. (3)	122. (1)	123. (4)	124. (2)
125. (3)	126. (2)	127 . (3)	128. (5)
129. (5)	130. (2)	131. (5)	132. (1)
133. (2)	134. (3)	135. (4)	136. (4)
137. (3)	138. (3)	139. (1)	140. (1)
141. (2)	142. (4)	143. (1)	144. (5)
145. (1)	146. (5)	147. (4)	148. (1)
149. (2)	150. (3)	151 . (4)	152. (3)
153. (1)	154. (3)	155. (1)	156. (3)
157. (5)	158. (5)	159. (2)	160. (2)
161. (3)	162. (5)	163 . (3)	164. (4)
165. (3)	166. (5)	167. (2)	168. (2)
169. (3)	170. (5)	171. (2)	172. (5)
173. (2)	174. (4)	175. (1)	176. (2)
177. (1)	178. (5)	179. (2)	180. (5)
181. (2)	182. (4)	183. (1)	184. (5)
185. (2)	186. (4)	187. (2)	188. (1)
189. (3)	190. (4)	191. (1)	192. (2)
193. (3)	194. (2)	195. (3)	196. (4)

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197. (3) **198.** (2) **199.** (4) **200.** (1)

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101. (5)

102. (1) 103. (1)

104. (4)